

**2984. CHAMAEROPS HUMILIS.****Palm.**

From Algeria. Received through Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

One of the many ornamental varieties of the European dwarf fan-palm, having deep green, nearly closed leaves (i. e., with a small sinus). An improved ornamental variety. (See Nos. 1931, 1932, 2216, and 2217, Inventory No. 5.)

**2985. EUCALYPTUS RAMELIANA.****Eucalyptus.**

From Algeria. Donated by Dr. Trabut, Government Botanist of Algeria, through Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

A hybrid between *E. rostrata* and *E. botryoides*. Dr. Trabut himself planted the seeds from *E. botryoides* and obtained these hybrids. This, as well as *Eucalyptus trolardiana* (No. 2987), is highly recommended by Dr. Trabut for planting in Algeria, because of its great vigor.

**2986. EUCALYPTUS RAMELIANA.****Eucalyptus.**

From Algeria. Donated by Dr. Trabut, Government Botanist of Algeria, through Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

Seed from a small tree in the Botanic Gardens at Mustapha. (See No. 2985.)

**2987. EUCALYPTUS TROLARDIANA.****Eucalyptus.**

From Algeria. Donated by Dr. Trabut, Government Botanist of Algeria, through Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

Another of Dr. Trabut's hybrids. This is a hybrid of *E. rostrata* and *E. tereticornis*. *E. trolardiana* is also a vigorous grower. Both this hybrid and *E. rameliana* (Nos. 2986 and 2987) are highly recommended by Dr. Trabut, who says they come nearly true to seed.

**2988. EUCALYPTUS GOMPHOCEPHALA.****Touart.**

From Algeria. Received from Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

A west Australian tree 100 to 150 feet high, of rapid growth, producing valuable timber. "This wood is of a pale yellowish color, remarkable for strength and hardness, very heavy, of a close, twisted, and curled grain." (*Von Mueller*.) "On account of its great strength it is much used in shipbuilding." (*J. H. Maiden*.) This species has recently been recommended for general culture in Algeria by Dr. Trabut, Government Botanist. It is still rather rare in North Africa, though there is a fine plantation at Morengo, where it is used for making wine casks, etc., by M. de Malglaive.

**2989. EUCALYPTUS CORYNOCALYX.**

From Algeria. Received from Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

Resists drought. Eaten by cattle on account of small amount of essence in leaves. A vigorous tree at Algiers. Fruit said to take eighteen months to ripen. "The sweetish foliage is browsed by cattle and sheep." (*J. H. Maiden*.)

**2990. EUCALYPTUS.**

From Mustapha, Algeria. Donated by Dr. Trabut, Government Botanist of Algeria, through Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

"A hybrid of at least three species, in which *E. rudis* and *E. rostrata* enter." (*Dr. Trabut*.) Has long weeping branches, very pretty. Flowers for a long period. Possibly *E. Andreana*, Naudin. Should be hybridized with pink-flowered species to obtain forms with ornamental flowers.

**2991. SORGHUM VULGARE.****Sorghum.**

From Tizi Ouzou, Kabylia, Algeria. Received through Mr. W. T. Swingle, April, 1899.

*Bechna*. A variety of sorghum, the grain of which is consumed in large quantities by the natives.